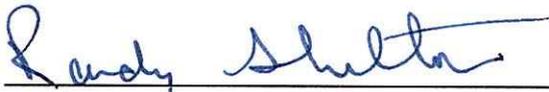


**LOCAL RULES OF ADMINISTRATION FOR THE
DISTRICT AND STATUTORY COUNTY COURTS
OF JEFFERSON COUNTY, TEXAS
(Amended February 27, 2024)**

1. These rules are promulgated in accordance with Texas Government Code 74.093.
2. Court divisions are established as follows: Civil, Probate, Family Law/Juvenile and Criminal.
3. Courts are assigned to each division as follows:
 - a. 58th, 60th, 136th and 172nd District Courts and County Court at Law No. 1 – Civil Division
 - b. Constitutional County Court – Probate Division
 - c. 279th and 317th District Courts – Family Law/Juvenile Division
 - d. Criminal District Court, 252nd, County Court at Law No. 2 and County Court at Law No. 3 –Criminal Division
4. The District Clerk and County Clerk shall assign cases by subject matter and jurisdiction randomly to courts in each division. Cases may be transferred or assigned to courts in other divisions subject to the approval of the courts affected.
5. Felony cases may be transferred or assigned to Felony Drug Court by the Criminal District Court and the 252nd District Court.
6. A judge may request another sitting judge in the county to be assigned to preside over the requesting judge's court due to vacation, illness, attendance at a conference or other reasonable reason of the requesting judge.
7. Judges in each division may approve the transfer of cases to courts within the division to ensure there is a fair and equitable distribution of cases within the division.
8.
 - a. The local administrative district judge will maintain a list for the transfer of cases due to recusals. The list in order is as follows: (1) 58th District Court, (2) 60th District Court, (3) 136th District Court, and (4) 172nd District Court. After each transfer, the next court in line is subject to the next transfer. If a judge in the civil division **voluntarily** recuses herself/himself from a case, the local administrative judge shall assign the case to a judge next in line on the recusal list.

- b. A voluntary recusal by a family law/juvenile district court will result in the case being transferred to the other family law/juvenile district court.
- c. A voluntary recusal by a felony district court will result in the case being transferred to the other felony district court. A voluntary recusal by a misdemeanor county court will result in the case being transferred to the other a misdemeanor county court. If there is a voluntary recusal in both misdemeanor county courts, the case will be transferred to the Criminal District Court.
- d. A voluntary recusal by the constitutional county court of a probate matter will result in a transfer to the County Court at Law No. 1. A voluntary recusal by the County Court at Law No. 1 will result in an assignment to a civil district court judge pursuant to the civil district court transfer rule in this paragraph if there is overlapping subject matter jurisdiction.
9. Judges shall hold court at least once a week or at intervals that will result in efficient court administration.
10. Court may promulgate local rules, forms and standing orders shall not be in conflict with other rules or statutes.
11. Local rules of administration or amendments shall be subject to the approval of the majority of the Jefferson County district and statutory county judges.
12. These local rules of administration have been approved by a majority of the district and statutory county judges and are effective February 27, 2024.

Signed on the 27th day of February, 2024.

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Randy Shelton". The signature is written in a cursive style with a horizontal line extending from the end of the name.

Randy Shelton

Local Administrative District Judge