

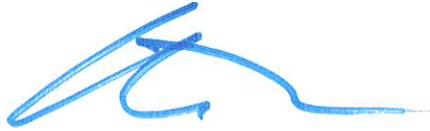
**284th DISTRICT COURT'S
STANDING ORDER REGARDING USE OF GENERATIVE ARTIFICIAL
INTELLIGENCE IN COURT FILINGS**

Rule 13 of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure requires that an attorney or self-represented litigant certifies “that they have read the pleading, motion, or other paper” and “that to the best of their knowledge, information, and belief formed after reasonable inquiry the instrument is not groundless and brought in bad faith or groundless and brought for the purpose of harassment.” “Groundless” is defined to mean that the claims, defenses, and other legal contentions have no basis in fact and/or have no basis in law and are not warranted by a good faith argument for the extension, modification, or reversal of existing law. Likewise, Chapter 10 of the Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code notes that signing a pleading or motion constitutes a certificate by the signatory that, after a reasonable inquiry, the claims, defenses, and other legal contentions are warranted by existing law and the factual contentions have evidentiary support. Attorneys and self-represented litigants are cautioned against submitting to the Court any pleading, written motion, or other paper drafted using generative artificial intelligence (*e.g.*, ChatGPT, Harvey.AI, generative AI services) and/or sources researched by artificial intelligence (*e.g.*, Google AI) without checking the submission for accuracy because certain technologies may produce factually or legally inaccurate content and should never replace the author’s independent legal judgment.

Any attorney or self-represented litigant who signs a pleading, written motion, or other paper submitted to the Court will be held responsible for the contents of that filing under Rule 13 and Chapter 10, regardless of whether generative artificial intelligence drafted any portion of that filing. *See* TEX. R. CIV. P. 13 (requiring imposition of an “appropriate sanction” if, after notice and hearing, the Court determines that Rule 13 has been violated); TEX. CIV. PRAC. & REM. CODE §10.004 (providing for imposition of a sanction including nonmonetary directives, a penalty payable to the

court, or payment to the opposing party of attorney's fees and expenses directly resulting from the violation if, after notice and a reasonable opportunity to respond, the Court determines that Section 10.001 has been violated).

Signed: June 10, 2025



JUDGE KRISTIN BAYS
Presiding Judge of the 284th District Court